DRUG PREVENTION RESOURCES, INC.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS

DECEMBER 31, 2016

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors
Drug Prevention Resources, Inc.

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Drug Prevention Resources, Inc. (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2016, and the related statements of activities and changes in net assets, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Drug Prevention Resources, Inc. as of December 31, 2016, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report July 31, 2017, on our consideration of Drug Prevention Resources, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Drug Prevention Resources, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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Salmon Sims Thomas & Associates

A Professional Limited Liability Company

July 31, 2017

Drug Prevention Resources, Inc. Statement of Financial Position December 31, 2016

ASSETS	
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TIOSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash	\$	137,390
Receivables		3,395
Grant receivable		134,182
Prepaid expenses		25,804
Inventory		500
Total Current Assets		301,271
Fixed Assets		
Equipment		65,891
Furniture and fixtures		10,334
Less: accumulated depreciation		(52,648)
Net Property and Equipment		23,577
Other Assets		
Investments		599,055
Deposits		250
Total Other Assets		599,305
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	924,153
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	21,505
Accrued payroll and benefits		20,831
Deferred rent		3,727
Total Current Liabilities		46,063
Non-Current Liabilities		
Deferred rent		6,388
		-,
Total Liabilities		52,451
Net Assets		
Unrestricted		856,018
Temporarily restricted		15,684
Total Net Assets		871,702
TOTAL LIADULTURG AND NET AGGETG	Φ.	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$	924,153

Drug Prevention Resources, Inc. Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Revenues and Support Grants and contributions	<u>U</u> 1	nrestricted		mporarily estricted		<u>Total</u>
Individuals and denominational	\$	18,650	\$	25,000	\$	43,650
Donated services	Ψ	353,610	Ψ	23,000	Ψ	353,610
Donated space		9,752		_		9,752
Federal financial grants - DSHS		1,274,284		_		1,274,284
Federal financial grants - other		136,935		-		136,935
<u> </u>				-		
Revenue from sales, net of cost of goods sold of \$4,251		11,919		-		11,919
Investment return		41,810		-		41,810
Other		83,397				83,397
		1,930,357		25,000		1,955,357
Net assets released from restrictions:						
Satisfied by use		9,316		(9,316)		
Total Revenues and Support		1,939,673		15,684		1,955,357
Expenses						
Program services		1,988,449		-		1,988,449
Management and general		92,982		-		92,982
Fundraising		116,723		_		116,723
Total Expenses		2,198,154		-		2,198,154
Change in Net Assets		(258,481)		15,684		(242,797)
Net Assets, beginning of year		1,114,499		-		1,114,499
Net Assets, end of year	\$	856,018	\$	15,684	\$	871,702

Drug Prevention Resources, Inc. Statement of Functional Expenses For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	Program Services		Management and General		Fundraising		Total Expenses	
Salaries & related	\$	982,765	\$	45,955	\$	57,688	\$ 1,086,408	
General & Administrative		437,721		20,468		25,694	483,883	
Travel & business		90,129		4,215		5,291	99,635	
Postage		1,895		89		111	2,095	
Professional fees		77,253		3,612		4,535	85,400	
Donated rent		9,752		-		-	9,752	
Marketing		23,131		1,082		1,358	25,571	
Depreciation expense		4,200		196		247	4,643	
Supplies		24,886		1,164		1,461	27,511	
Rent		16,852		1,244		1,562	19,658	
Office expenses		7,631		357		448	8,436	
Donated services		312,234		14,600		18,328	345,162	
	\$	1,988,449	\$	92,982	\$	116,723	\$ 2,198,154	

Drug Prevention Resources, Inc. Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Cash Flows From Operating Activities	
Change in Net Assets	\$ (242,797)
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets	
to net cash used by operating activities:	
Depreciation expense	4,643
Deposits	3,622
Unrealized gain on investments	(27,399)
(Increase)/Decrease in assets:	
Receivables	134
Prepaid expense	(11,057)
Increase/(Decrease) in liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(5,466)
Accrued payroll and benefits	10,132
Deferred rent	(5,857)
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	(274,045)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities	
Purchase of fixed assets	(10,526)
Sale of investments	115,000
Purchase of investments	(18,842)
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	85,632
Cash, beginning of year	 325,803
Cash, end of year	\$ 137,390

NOTE 1: NATURE OF ORGANIZATION

Drug Prevention Resources, Inc. (Organization) is the oldest drug prevention organization in Texas, celebrating its 81st year of service in 2016. The Organization is a not-for-profit substance abuse prevention organization with a mission dedicated to preventing youth substance abuse through innovative delivery of evidence based strategies that empower youth, families and communities to flourish within their environments. The Organization accomplishes this by providing individual strategies for high risk youth and environmental strategies in high risk neighborhoods. The Organization is supported primarily through federal and state grants, donor contributions, fees for services and product sales.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The summary of significant accounting policies of the Organization is presented to assist in understanding the financial statements. The financial statements and notes are representations of the Organization's management, who is responsible for the fairness and objectivity embodied in the financial statements. These accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and have been consistently applied in the preparation of the financial statements.

Financial Statement Presentation - Net assets and revenues, expenses, gains, and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. Accordingly, net assets and changes therein are classified as follows:

Unrestricted Net Assets - Net assets not subject to donor-imposed stipulations.

Temporarily Restricted Net Assets - Net assets subject to donor-imposed stipulations.

Revenues are reported as increases in unrestricted net assets unless use of the related assets is limited by donor-imposed restrictions. Expenses are reported as decreases in unrestricted net assets. Expirations of temporarily restricted net assets (*i.e.*, the donor-stipulated purpose has been fulfilled and/or the stipulated time period has elapsed) are reported as reclassifications between the applicable classes of net assets. Contributions of assets other than cash are recorded at their estimated fair value on the date of donation.

Use of Estimates - Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and reported revenues and expenses. Significant estimates used in preparing these financial statements include those assumed in recording depreciation and amortization, functional allocation of expenses, and the realizable value of accounts receivable. It is at least reasonably possible that the significant estimates used will change within the next year. Actual results could vary from estimates.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Cash and Cash Equivalents - The Organization considers all short-term investments with an original maturity of ninety days or less to be cash equivalents. The Organization places its cash, which, at times, may exceed federally-insured limits, with high-credit quality institutions. The Organization has not experienced any losses on such accounts.

Functional Allocation of Expenses - The costs of providing the various programs and supporting services have been summarized on a functional basis in the statement of functional expenses. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the programs and supporting services benefited.

Grant Receivable - Grant receivable consists of amounts billed to the state for program expenditures incurred as of year-end for reimbursement. The Organization deems all receivables collectible hence there is no allowance for doubtful accounts based on collectability.

Property and Equipment - Property and equipment are stated at cost when purchased or fair market value at the date of donation, less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Major expenditures and those that substantially increase useful lives are capitalized. Maintenance, repairs and replacements, which do not improve or extend the lives of the respective assets, are charged to operations when incurred. When property and equipment are sold or otherwise disposed of, the asset and related accumulated depreciation and amortization are removed, and any gain or loss is included in operations. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method has been calculated as follows:

Equipment 3 to 7 years Furniture and fixtures 5 years

Donated Services, Materials and Facilities – Donations of noncash assets as contributions are recorded as contributions at their estimated fair value as of the date of donation. Donated services are recognized as contributions in accordance with GAAP, if the services (a) create or enhance nonfinancial assets or (b) require and are provided by individuals with specialized skills and if not provided by donation would typically need to be purchased.

Deferred Rent

The Organization has entered into an operating lease agreement containing provisions for future rent increases and periods of reduced rent payments. In accordance with GAAP, the Organization records monthly rent expense equal to the total of the payments due over the lease term, divided by the number of months of the lease term. The difference between rent expense recorded and the amount paid is credited or charged to deferred rent.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Income Taxes – The Organization is exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) of 1986, as amended, as an organization described in Section 501(c)(3) of the IRC. The Organization has been classified as an organization that is not a private foundation under IRC Section 509(a)(2), and as such, contributions to the Organization qualify for deductions as charitable contributions. However, income generated from activities unrelated to the Organization's exempt purpose is subject to tax under IRC Section 511.

Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes - Management has concluded that any tax positions that would not meet the more-likely-than-not criterion of Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 740-10, Accounting for Income Taxes, would be immaterial to the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements do not include any provision for uncertain tax positions, and no related interest or penalties have been recorded in the statement of activities or accrued in the statement of financial position. Federal and state tax returns of the entity are generally open to examination by the relevant taxing authorities for a period of three years from the date the returns are filed.

Inventory – Inventory, consisting of materials used for the assembly of drug education kits sold by the Organization, is stated at the lower of cost or fair value, using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) valuation method, or market.

Investments

Investments are carried at fair value; realized and unrealized gains and losses are reflected in the statements of activities. Gains and losses on sales transactions are based on the original cost (amortized cost, in the case of bonds) of the investments sold using the specific-identification method. The aggregate amount of unrealized fair value appreciation (depreciation) during the year is recorded as an unrealized gain (loss) applicable to the various net asset categories.

Fair Value Measurements

Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*, provides the framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides the fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements). The asset or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED) Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

Following is a description of the valuation methodology used for assets measured at fair value. There has been no change in the methodology used at December 31, 2016.

Mutual funds: Valued at the closing price reported in an active market in which the fund is traded.

The preceding method described may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, although the Organization believes its valuation method is appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

Date of Management's Review - Subsequent events have been evaluated for potential recognition or disclosure through July 31, 2017, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 3: INVESTMENTS

Investments at December 31, 2016 consisted of the following:

Mutual Funds \$ 599,055

Investment return for the year ended December 31, 2016, is summarized as follows:

Unrealized gain	\$	26,772
Realized gain	_	15,038
	\$_	41,810

NOTE 4: FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The following table sets forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the Organization's assets at fair value as follows:

December 31, 2016
Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using:

	F	air Value	Acti for Asset	ed Prices in ve markets Identical s/Liabilities Level 1)	Ob	gnificant Other oservable Inputs Level 2)	Unol I	nificant oservable nputs evel 3)
Mutual funds	\$	599,055	\$	599,055	\$	-	\$	_

NOTE 5: PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment consisted of the following as of December 31, 2016:

Equipment	\$	65,891
Furniture and fixtures	_	10,334
		76,225
Less: accumulated depreciation		
and amortization	_	(52,648)
	\$_	23,577

NOTE 6: RETIREMENT PLAN

The Organization makes contributions, subject to the board of directors' discretion, for its staff to Insperity 401(k). Upon completion of one year of employment, by both full and part time employees, the Organization contributes up to 10% of an employee's salary. Total retirement benefits expense was \$68,929 in 2016.

NOTE 7: LEASE COMMITMENTS

Operating Leases

The Organization leases office space and equipment under noncancelable operating lease agreements. Rent expense under these operating leases was approximately \$85,000 for 2016.

Required minimum lease payments under the lease agreements are approximately as follows for the years ending December 31,

2017	\$ 73,000
2018	19,000
2019	4,000
2020	500
2021 & thereafter	-
	\$ 96,500

NOTE 8: CONCENTRATION OF RISK

In 2016 the Organization received approximately 65% of its support from the Texas Department of State Health Services grant.

NOTE 9: TEMPORARILY RESTRICTED NET ASSETS

Temporarily restricted net assets are available to fund purchases of computers and related expenses. Net assets are released from donor restrictions by incurring expenditures relating to the donors' original purpose. Temporarily restricted net assets from the Hillcrest Foundation are available for staffs' computer purchases in the amount of \$15,684 as of December 31, 2016.

Temporarily restricted net assets released from restriction for the year ended December 31, 2016 was \$9,316.

NOTE 10: DONATED ASSETS AND SERVICES

The Organization received donated professional services, space, equipment, and volunteer service hours for the following purposes for the year ended December 31, 2016:

Professional services	\$ 353,610
Space	 9,752
	\$ 363,362

These amounts are included in revenue as unrestricted contributions which are reflected in the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets.

NOTE 11: RELATED PARTIES

A related party was paid \$29,000 for services related to regular updating of content of the Organization's website for the year ended December 31, 2016.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors
Drug Prevention Resources, Inc.

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Drug Prevention Resources, Inc. (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2016, and the related statements of activities and changes in net assets, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 31, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Drug Prevention Resources, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Drug Prevention Resources, Inc.'s internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Drug Prevention Resources, Inc.'s internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Drug Prevention Resources, Inc.'s financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Salmon Sims Thomas & Associates

A Professional Limited Liability Company

July 31, 2017



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Directors
Drug Prevention Resources, Inc.

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Drug Prevention Resources, Inc.'s compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Drug Prevention Resources, Inc.'s major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2016. Drug Prevention Resources, Inc.'s major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Drug Prevention Resources, Inc.'s major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Drug Prevention Resources, Inc.'s compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Drug Prevention Resources, Inc.'s compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Drug Prevention Resources, Inc. complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2016.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Drug Prevention Resources, Inc. is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Drug Prevention Resources, Inc.'s internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Drug Prevention Resources, Inc.'s internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Salmon Sims Thomas & Associates

A Professional Limited Liability Company

July 31, 2017

Drug Prevention Resources, Inc. Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the year ended December 31, 2016

EEDEDAL ACENCY	CEDA NO	PASS-THROUGH ENTITY IDENTIFYING	A .	MOUNT
FEDERAL AGENCY	<u>CFDA NO.</u>	NUMBER	A	<u>MOUNT</u>
Department of Health and Human Services Direct				
Programs				
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Projects of Regional and National Significance	93.243		\$	203,542
Drug-Free Communities Support Program Grants	93.276		\$	136,935
Department of Health and Human Services Pass-				
Through Programs				
Passed-through Department of State Health Services DSHS				
Department of State Health Services DSHS Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse	93.959			
YPS – 2016-048004-001			\$	118,370
YPS - 2016-048004-002			•	57,510
YPI – 2016-04108-001				160,250
YPI – 2016-04108-001				70,606
CCP Cedar Hill – 2016-047892-001				77,278
CCP Cedar Hill – 2016-047892-005				43,041
CCP Ennis – 2016-47892-004				82,264
CCP Ennis – 2016-47892-008				40,200
CCP Navarro County – 2016-047892-002				84,385
CCP Navarro County – 2016-047892-006				33,510
CCP Waxahachie – 2016-047892-003				79,771
CCP Waxahachie – 2016-047892-007				44,637
CCP TPCC – 2016-003739-00				178,920
Total Passed-through Department of State Health Services DSHS			\$	1,070,742
Total Department of Health and Human Services		_	\$	1, 411,219

NOTE 1: BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal regulation Part 200, *Uniform Administration Requirement, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the general purpose financial statements.

Drug Prevention Resources, Inc. Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs December 31, 2016

SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

- 1. The auditor issued an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of Drug Prevention Resources, Inc. as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016.
- 2. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the financial statements were reported.
- 3. The results of the financial statement audit disclosed no instances of noncompliance which were considered material to the financial statements.
- 4. We issued an unmodified opinion in our report on compliance for major programs for the year ended December 31, 2016.
- 5. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of internal control over major federal award programs were found.
- 6. There were no audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with OMB Uniform Guidance 200.516(a).
- 7. The program tested as a major program for the year ended December 31, 2016 is as follows:

Block Grant for Prevention of Substance Abuse

93.959

- 8. The threshold used for distinguishing between type A and B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. Drug Prevention Resources, Inc. did qualify as a low-risk auditee.

FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

None

FINDINGS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

None

Drug Prevention Resources, Inc. Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings December 31, 2016

Drug Prevention Resources, Inc. was audited for the year ended December 31, 2015 by Salmon Sims Thomas & Associates, PLLC. There were no audit findings requiring corrective action.